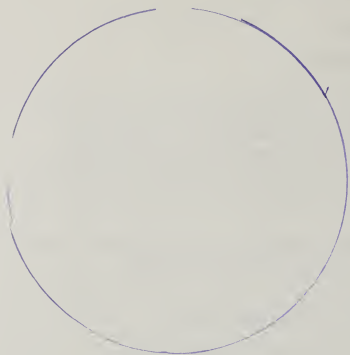


GEORGIVS III DEI GRATIA BRITANNIARUM REX F.D.  
~~the~~ Bust right

1814

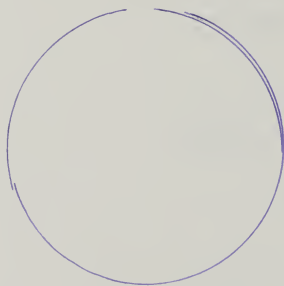


Rev: British Arms

Silver, holed, loop

T. ~~the~~ Wyon, Jr. S.

Jameson Fig. 24



Same except size

Silver holed loop

T. Wyon Jr. S

Jameson p. 25

# English Peace Medals for America

1757 Geo II Head left  
let us look to the most High who blessed our fathers  
with Peace

Jameson  
Geo II  
#4

Silver, holed, loop, projecting ~~in~~ edge (note)  
Bronze not holed.  
Copper, Heavily broken obverse,

~~Silver~~ White metal? holed, loop, much thicker than  
Silver piece. flat ~~in~~ edge

1758 Geo II Louisbourg, bronze, holed  
3 figures on rev with lion.

## GEORGIUS III DEI GRATIA.

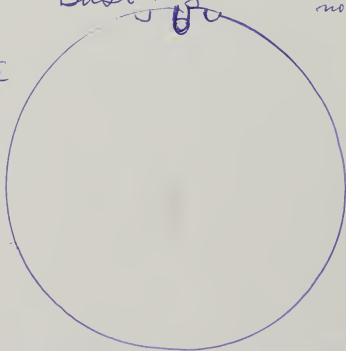
Bust right

3 holes  
no loop  
thin.

heavily worn

Silver.

No date  
No artist



Coat of Arms on rev  
~~Should~~ Horni sort  
one piece. Die et mors dicit  
no ~~thin~~ thick rim  
thin

Several varieties  
listed in Jameson

#2, 3, 4, 5, 6

## GEORGIUS III DEI GRATIA

Same as above but probably two faces with rim  
tops hollow holed no loop

Has casting indication

lump in O of MON

D of DROIT etc

R of DROIT. —

Jameson  
#1 p. 18

Jameson  
p. 18 say  
this is  
struck  
shells.  
3"

From the desk of  
R. S. HAWES, III

Many thanks.  
I really enjoyed  
Friday. If this  
is not good enough -  
Please let me know.  
With

12/24/82  
St. Louis County Bank

179 ✓ Silver oval (Washington) Similar to P. <sup>34</sup> ~~34~~  
Underengraving worn. loose oval band. no loop. ~~34~~  
back US in PHURIBUS  
low D in PRESIDENT  
Stars are incised, not raised in area ~~around~~ eagle's  
head.

Jefferson #39 upper. 76 ~~mm~~ <sup>mm</sup> no loop xf.  
1801

Jefferson #39 lower 55mm loop. reverse die break.  
1801

Jefferson #39 lower 2 holes, lead, copper plated on faces,  
1801 edge plating worn off principally.

Jefferson #39 upper yellow bronze no hole fine  
1801 some stains.

Madison #40 middle holed silver. fine toned. loop. (note)  
1809

Jackson 76mm holed. silver fine (note)  
1829

Jackson 51mm holed silver fine

Jackson 51mm not holed. lead. copper plate

Tyler 76mm silver holed loop xf. (note)

Van Buren not holed <sup>yellow</sup> bronze 76mm  
1837

Van Buren 51mm silver, holed loop, fine (note)

Zach Taylor 76mm silver holed loop xf.

Zach Taylor 76mm bronze, silver plated, not holed. (note)

Fullmore 76mm silver holed, no loop, fine (note)

Fullmore 63mm silver holed, loop, xf

Fullmore 76mm bronze, holed, no loop

Pierce 76mm silver, holed loop,

Buchanan 76mm bronze holed loop <sup>Fullmore reverse</sup>  
Buchanan 63mm silver holed loop <sup>heavily abused by wear</sup> (note)

Grant 1871 Silver 64mm unc holed loop  
Grant 1871 Silver 64mm fine holed loop *note*

Hoyes Silver oval holed loop v.f.  
Arthur  
~~Amfeld~~ Bronze oval, holed, no loop, v.f.

John Adams 51mm silver, holed, loop, v.f. *note*

John Adams 76mm bronze silenus hole no loop

Washington Plate 64 (p142) Pat metal. 64mm

W.H. Harrison, Bronze 76mm holed loop

W.H. Harrison. Silver 76mm holed no loop

Libertas Americana 1781

Silver, holed at bottom plain edge

Washington Funeral Medal

lead Silver ~~Top~~ badge top  
heavily worn

GEORGE

WASHINGTON

He is in Glory and the World in Tears,

Born Feb 11, 1732

Died

1796

on  
both  
sides

Spanish Medal of Chas IV + Aloisia

statue on horseback.

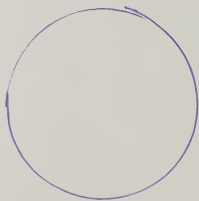
2 heads on obv.

holed  
silver



Louis XVI + wife  
Oct 22, 1781

holed, silver,  
FELICITATE PUBLICA.



2 side views of heads.  
Seated woman + infant (rev)

by Duverrier

Nathan Eglit

Indian Peace Medals

CW	4/27/66	p 18
	5/11/66	p 22
	5/18/66	p 52
	5-25/66	p 15
	6/1/66	p 68

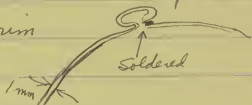
Scrapbooks

Apr 1960 pp 929-950

8 plates

- 1789 Belden 1 106 x 135 mm. Single sheet of silver .5 mm thick inserted in 3 mm wide rim with channel shape to hold <sup>gold</sup> sheet. Loop is a continuation of the rim

Neg 77-075



- 1792 Belden 4C 81 x 1 x 4 mm rim 3 mm thick x 3 mm wide. Loose in rim

Loop is gently soldered on but

is part of rim. Appears like 2 pieces

Probably two pieces of silver back to back

Stars on rev are engraved with one line per point (not two as in Hanes) piece.

Letters engraved on obv. are precise & leveled (not so on Hanes) piece

Cross ~~lines~~ lines on palm ~~are~~ true are mostly horizontal opposite upper body of indian whereas on 1793 piece there are no cross lines and on Hanes piece they are all rising to right ~~are~~ PLURIBUS poorly engraved.

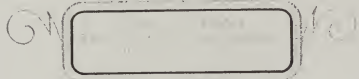
- 1793 Belden <sup>SA</sup> 127 mm x 173 mm rim 3 mm thick 3 1/2 mm wide

Could be 2 flat pieces back to back. Loop is fused with rim with no joint showing

- 1793 Belden 7C 81 x 121 Single sheet, holed at top very worn.



B. MAX MEHL  
*Numismatist*



APPROVAL DEPARTMENT

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Air Mail

August 11th  
of my 42nd Numismatic Year  
1 9 4 2.

Mr. J. G. Braecklein,  
Kansas City, Mo.

My dear Mr. Braecklein:-

This is my first day in the office in a month and I find your very nice letters which I appreciate, especially the kind things you said about me.

Enjoyed very much indeed looking at the photographs of your wonderful collection of Peace Medals. The photographs are being returned to you as per your kind request, *found private collection known.*

*Mr. Mehl's mistaken about the  
Medal being a mistake.  
It is a pattern medal  
there is a 4" pattern medal  
in the Numismatic Society of N.Y.*

Of course, the large bronze Jefferson medal is a re-strike of the mint. The originals are only known in silver shell.

Again many thanks, and with kind personal regards,

Cordially yours,

BMM/MF.

The letters you sent me from Mrs. Riddle are also being returned with the photographs.



CUSTOMERS CHEERFULLY MADE WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF A RECEIPT. THE ASSOCIATION IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE LOSS OF STOCK SENT ON APPROVAL TO PARTIES WHOSE GOOD REPUTATION IS IN QUESTION.

Quotations on Indian Peace Medals

- Andrew Jackson, 1829. Holed with original ring. *I have the 2"*  
*He has them and a need,* Size 62 mm. Uncirculated, with *mint luster.* Silver. - \$ 40.00 *this one 2 1/2"*  
*I don't like the sound either*
- President Fillmore, 1850. Large Indian Peace Medal in bronze. Perfect. (retails at \$5.00 to \$10.00) - 3.50 *ordered,*
- President Fillmore, 1850. Indian Peace Medal. Silver. Obverse, head of the President facing right. Reverse, white man and Indian standing before flag. Size 62. Pierced with loop as issued. Very fine. Very rare. - 30.00 *2 1/2" mine 3"*
- James Buchanan, 1857. Silver Indian Peace Medal. Size, 63 mm. Very fine. Record over \$60.00, and brought \$42.50 in the Dunham Sale. - 30.00 *2 1/2" mine 3"*
- Thomas Jefferson. Huge bronze Indian Peace Medal. Perfect. Fine portrait. 10.00 *ordered.*
- George III., large silver Indian Peace Medal presented to the Indian Chiefs of Canada. *not American*  
 Has sold at over \$100.00. Recent record over \$50.00. - 40.00 *do not for*
- 1757 Peace Medal issued by "The Friendly Ass'n for Preserving Peace with the Indians". Silver. *looks like a centime*  
 42.00 *has the one,*

And here is an interesting medal that might also be of interest to you. It is called the "Season Medal". *don't for*

- 1796 Season Medal. Figure representing a farmer in the act of sowing; farm scene and mountains. Reverse, "Second Presidency of Geo. Washington MDCCXCVI". Valued by former owner at \$37.50. - \$50.00 *there are 4 of these.*

*this is odd & used*  
*Mr. Phillips wanted it to*  
*have his one.*  
*I for nothing in the market*  
*to put you on the market.*

*Medals 3" in diameter are worth*  
*considerable more than the 2 1/2" ones.*  
*and the 2 1/2" ones more than the 2" ones.*  
*Note My Graduated Prices 3, 2 1/2, 2"*

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION  
UNITED STATES NATIONAL MUSEUM

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Feb. 5, 1943

Mr. J. G. Braecklein,  
3850 East 60th Terrace,  
Kansas City, Missouri.

My dear Mr. Braecklein:

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of Jan. 23, 1943, addressed to Mr. Setzler and requesting information concerning a certain Thomas Jefferson medal.

In response to your inquiry, Mr. T. T. Belote, Curator of History, states that he has in his custody in the Division of History a four-inch Jefferson copper medal. He is of the opinion that a few medals of this large size were struck during President Jefferson's administration, 1801-1809, and that they were ~~not~~ regular medals, and not pattern pieces. He believes, further, that only a few of them were struck for the reason which you state, viz., that they were too heavy to be worn. For the same reason, few, if any, restrikes of these medals have been made.



HSB-F

Very truly yours,

*J. E. Graf*  
J. E. Graf,  
Associate Director.



10091 MANCHESTER ROAD, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63122 PHONE 314/966-3111 TELEX 44-7289

July 9, 1982

Mr. Eric Newman  
P.O. Box 14020  
St. Louis, MO 63178

Dear Eric:

I certainly enjoyed talking with you on the phone yesterday.

I am enclosing copies of several photographs, correspondence, notes, etc.  
on Peach Medals which I thought might be of interest to you.

Sincerely,

R. S. Hawes III  
President

jm













J. G. BRAECKLEIN

3850 E. 60TH TERRACE

KANSAS CITY, MO.

President Andrew Johnson Indian Peace Medal  
dug from an Indian grave, E. E. Willard of  
Independence, Mo. about 1925. near Ft. Yates.  
Sioux Indian,

J. G. BRAECKLEIN

3850 E. 60TH TERRACE

KANSAS CITY, MO.

General Grant Medal, found in grave  
near Edwardsville, Wyandotte Co. Kansas  
by the Postmaster Service of K. C. Kansas in  
1895.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN

3850 E. 60TH TERRACE

KANSAS CITY, MO.

James Monroe Indian Peace Medal  
has been much use found in Indian graves  
near Avon N. S. 1901.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

*This Adams looks some like  
ex-senator & gov. Henry J. Allen of Kansas.*

*John Adams Indian Peace Medal.*

*Adams never had a Medal made for presentation  
purpose. The first one was made for Jefferson  
in 1846. The government had a die prepared to put  
the Adams Medal in the series. This Medal was given  
to some Indian Chief in N.Y.*

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

*Large James Buchanan Indian Peace Medal  
found in a grave, in Wapello Co. Iowa.  
by the late Mr. Lindley of Hannibal, Iowa.  
recd in 1918.*

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

*James Madison Indian Peace Medal has  
seen much use found in Indian grave near  
Aron, New York, 1901.*

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE,  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Benjamin Harrison Presidential Peace Medal  
given to Chief Bear Bow Cheyenne Indian July 1  
1896 Large Heavy Medal<sup>m</sup> which the date has  
been left off by Harrison.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE,  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Martin Van Buren Indian Peace Medal  
only sixty have been made of this size  
The Numismatic Society of N.Y. from the smaller  
one. Recd in a N.Y. City coin store N.Y.  
History. Rare.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE,  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Millard Fillmore Indian Peace Medal  
belonged at one time to Chief Bacon Bird  
of Pawnee Okla. He was an Ojibbe Indian.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

John Quincy Adams Indian Peace Medal.  
found in a grave near Aorn N.Y. This is  
a medal seldom found, not many were made,  
the medal was not very well liked by Adams  
on account of the large extended nose.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

1st Indian Peace Medal.  
Made in the AMERICAS.

George the II Rex 1757.

G. Braecklein.  
(11/1/42).

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Andrew Jackson Indian Peace Medal.  
from an Indian chief in Pawnee Okla.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN

3850 E. 60TH TERRACE

KANSAS CITY, MO.

John Tyler Indian Peace Medal,  
from the collection of the late Henri E. Buck  
of Delaware Ohio secured in 1918.  
Tyler succeeded Pres. Mr. Henry Harrison as President.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN

3850 E. 60TH TERRACE

KANSAS CITY, MO.

Abraham Lincoln Medal.  
found in grave Wyandotte Co. Kansas near  
Edwardsville, Kansas by Ex Postmaster Service  
of K.C. Kansas in 1895.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN

3850 E. 60TH TERRACE

KANSAS CITY, MO.

James K. Polk Indian Peace Medal.

From an Osage Indian near Pottsville  
Arkansas. No History.

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Jeffrey Taylor Indian Peace Medal  
Pewter, Silver Plated and burnished  
from the collection of Chief Bacon David an Osage  
Indian.

Mr. B.L.D. Wether called  
returned from the N.Y. NUMIS-  
MATIC SOCIETY. Prices

Red Jacket ——— \$ 12.00<sup>00</sup>

3 of the 4 Washington Indians  
Medal for \$500<sup>00</sup>

They did not have an extra  
copy of the 4 "Harrison Jefferson  
Medal" but Wether said it is  
valued at \$375<sup>00</sup>

Sincerely

J. G. Braecklein

1/4/50

New York, July 19, 1941.

Yours of recent date is at hand. You are to be  
congratulated on having such a fine collection of  
Indian Peace Medals. The book concerning which you  
write, by Mr. Seiden, was published by our Society and  
may be had for \$5.00. I think this will answer most  
of the questions raised in your letter. We should be  
very glad to receive your order.

S. A. Noe  
Secretary,  
American Numismatic Society.

WILLIAM CORE DUFFY  
POST OFFICE BOX 2007  
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT 06521  
TELEPHONE (203) 865-8632

EARLY SILVER

September 14, 1982

Mr. Alan M. Stahl  
Associate Curator  
The American Numismatic Society  
Broadway & 155th Street  
New York, N.Y. 10032-7598

Dear Mr. Stahl:

Thank you so very much for making it possible for me to see the Washington Peace Medals in the Society's collection.

It was a tremendous help to be able to examine them closely.

The Prucha book had been unknown to me. It is not referred to in any of the recent literature on American silver as far as I know. This is particularly surprising in the case of Fales' ambitious book on the Richardson family. Published three years after Prucha, he is not mentioned in the bibliography. Her treatment of the medals is thin.

I am intrigued by the muddy nature of the Bowers & Ruddy entry for the Richardson medal sold March 25, '81. It seems evasive or devious that the author of the entry, instead of describing the medal himself, fell back upon a description written when that medal, the 'Fish Carrier' medal, was auctioned in 1905.

Still stranger, in that early description the medal is described as being "size 96 x 64" (the smallest size) while Bauman Belden clearly states on p. 21 that Garrett's 'Fish Carrier' medal is size 102 x 149 mm. (the middle size).

One might wonder whether it was the same medal. I suspect they were simply trying to obscure the fact that the medal was not of the largest size. With such an ambiguous description it is no great wonder that the price fell short of their expectations.

Photographs of the Bortman medal are enclosed with a copy of description.

Again, many thanks.

Sincerely yours,

31 Loomis Place  
New Haven  
Connecticut 06511

*William C. Duffy*



WILLIAM CORE DUFFY  
POST OFFICE BOX 2007  
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT 06521  
TELEPHONE (203) 865-8632

EARLY SILVER

OBJECT: GEORGE WASHINGTON INDIAN PEACE MEDAL

DATE: 1793

MAKER: Joseph Richardson, Jr. (1752-1831), Philadelphia.

DESCRIPTION: Oval medal of the largest size (size "A") with rim and loop for suspension, accompanied by original cord and carrying pouch. This is the only such pouch known to exist.

Obverse: engraving of George Washington and an Indian sharing peace pipe, the Indian's tomahawk cast on the ground. In background trees and farmer with plow and oxen, a house, and hills on the horizon.

Reverse: Engraved with the Great Seal of the United States, having 13 stars above eagle's head and 13 stripes on shield; in left talon 13 arrows, an olive branch in right; banner held in eagle's beak with words "E PLURIBUS UNUM".

DIMENSIONS: Approximately 134 x 175 mm. (5½ x 7 inches)

MARK: J R in rectangle struck on obverse.

EXHIBITED: On permanent exhibition for over a quarter of a century at the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston.

Exhibited "Colonial Silver, Masters & Apprentices", 1956, Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, catalogue no. 327.

PUBLISHED: Indian Peace Medals in American History, F.P. Prucha, Madison, Wis. 1971: illustrated pages 80-81.

Colonial Silver, Masters & Apprentices, Kathryn C. Buhler, Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, 1956, no. 327.

PROVENANCE: Ex Coll. Mark Bortman; the Bortman-Larus Collection.

COMMENT: The distinction between the largest medals, size A, and the smaller medals, sizes B and C, is of importance. In medals of the largest size, given only to great tribal Chiefs, the head-dress bears 5 plumes. Smaller medals are distinguished by the presence of only 4 plumes. These were given to lesser Chiefs and warriors. Recipients were known as "great medal chiefs" and "small medal chiefs". (Ref. Prucha p.7)

PRICE: \$95,000.

September 15, 1982



WILLIAM CORE DUFFY  
POST OFFICE BOX 2007  
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT 06521  
TELEPHONE (203) 865-8632

EARLY SILVER

OBJECT: GEORGE WASHINGTON INDIAN PEACE MEDAL

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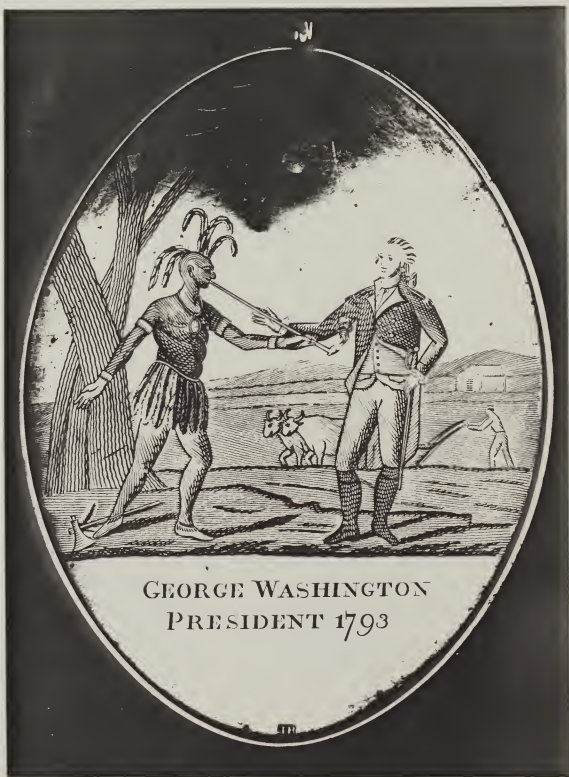
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PROVENANCE: Ex Coll. Mark Bortman; the Bortman-Larus Collection.





GEORGE WASHINGTON  
PRESIDENT 1793







Famous Peace Medals to be Shown in the Coming Silver Exhibit.

The silver exhibit scheduled for the month of October in the William Rockhill Nelson Gallery will have on display a small case of silver Indian Peace Medals, illustrating the use made of silver by the Presidents of the United States from Washington's time through the regime of Benjamin Harrison, in having fashioned tokens of fealty for the Indian chiefs, who signed treaties, deeded lands, and in other ways ceded the rights of their red brothers.

The medals are of three sizes, and the importance of the chief determined the size of his medal. It was worn on his chest worn if he were of an eastern tribe <sup>assumed</sup> from a calico strip and if of a western from a buckskin thong. Since possession of a medal denoted allegiance to the government presenting it, an Indian owning a British or French one had to surrender it before receiving an American ~~issue~~. Frequently presentations were made with much ceremony in Washington, but when a trip to the Capitol proved out of the question for the chief, the medal was given him on home ground by a government representative and it is known that Lewis and Clark on their famed trip to the northwest coast carried along a number of Jefferson medals to be distributed for the purpose of calming the fears of tribal heads made uneasy by this first appearance of the white men. The Jefferson medal to be shown along with others issued by Presidents before 1830, was secured in 1936 from descendants of William Clark then living in St. Louis.

John Reich, a German employed by the United States Mint in Philadelphia made the dies from which the Jefferson and Madison medals were struck, and Moritz Furst of Hungary, another Mint employee, fashioned the Monroe, John Quincy Adams and Jackson medals that will be shown. They are a part of a recently completed Kansas City owned collection of all the medals issued by the Presidents with the exception of the original Washington ovals made in

2-  
1789, 1792, 1793, and 1795, which are impossible to find in the market today. Mr. J.G. Braecklein, eighty-five year old authority on all things Indian, is responsible for the near completion of the Kansas City collection made this week by the final purchase of the four lacking medals, once belonging to the grandson of an Indian Agent who served under President Lincoln.

The Nelson Gallery Silver Exhibit is fortunate in being able to present an original Washington Oval medal as a loan from the Kansas City Museum which fell heir to it in its acquisition of the fabulous Daniel B. Dyer Indian Collection in 1941. The first Washington medal, hand engraved, was issued by the President in 1789. Its decoration depicted Minerva, goddess of war, standing beside a plow and making friendly gestures toward a half naked Indian chief who had let his tomahawk fall from his hand as a sign of good will. An objection came from the Indians who did not approve of having a female figure holding prominent place in the design, so the Peace Medals ordered by Washington in the 1790's substituted the figure of the President for that of Minerva. That too met with criticism for he wore his sword and had his hand on the hilt, while the Indian had discarded his weapon and was offering a pipe of peace. The Washington medals of 1793 were made by Joseph Richardson, Jr., of Philadelphia, and were signed with his initials in a rectangle.

The first Indian medal ever struck from a die in America came from the Quakers who in 1757 produced a very small <sup>oval</sup> medal with the likeness of George II. of England upon it. Its reverse carried the seal made for the Treaty of Peace between William Penn and the Indians. It bore the legend "Let Us Look To the most high who blessed Our Father with Peace". Engraved by Edward Duffield of Philadelphia this medal was struck by the father of the Joseph Richardson who was later to produce the Washington oval. The George II. medal will be a part of the Nelson Gallery exhibit.

The great Seneca chief Red Jacket was once the possessor of a Washington medal similar to the Kansas City Museum piece loaned to the Nelson Gallery

3  
exhibit. Miss Mabel Greene, niece of Colonel Dyer gleans from his scrapbook that White Swan, a Wea chief, received the medal from Washington in 1795-- the presentation being personally made by General (Mad Anthony) Wayne at the Treaty of Greenville <sup>Session</sup> ~~made~~ in western Ohio. The twelve tribes assembled there ceded to the United States a considerable part of Ohio and a smaller portions of Illinois, Indiana, and Michigan in exchange for \$ 20,000 in goods and an annuity. After White Swan's death the medal came into the hands of a half breed Wea who had adopted the name of Pickham and he gave it to Col. Dyer who was a great favorite with the Indians under his charge.

The Senecas in their great days of leadership among the Seven Nations living in Pennsylvania and New York had two chiefs of importance; Red Jacket, the orator, and Corn Planter, the warrior. The latter, son of John Abeel, a fur-trader, and a Seneca princess, doubtless because of his white blood accepted with some grace the domination of his father's race, but Red Jacket fearful for the fate of his people, refused to accept the new order of things and when his family turned Christian severed all connections with his tribe and retired from civilization to an embittered old age. The silver medal on its blue cotton cord hung too heavily over his heart. He expressed his fears in one of his finest orations in 1797 in the following words, " We stand a small island in the bosom of the great waters. We are encircled; we are encompassed. The evil spirit rides upon the blast and the waters are disturbed. They rise, they press upon us, and we disappear forever. Who then lives to mourn us? None. What marks our extermination? Nothing. We are mingled with the common elements."

Looked upon as the Indian's rarest treasure and believed to wield supernatural powers the medals were frequently buried with their owners and this custom accounts for their great scarcity in the market today. The Madison Monroe, and John Quincy Adams medals to be shown in the silver exhibit were found near Avon, New York, in 1901, and the Jackson medal was once the property of a lesser Pawhuska Chief.



45  
The illustration showing Red Jacket with his medal was painted by Charles Bird King near the end of the Indian's life, and is taken from a lithograph published in 1834 by E.C. Biddle of Philadelphia. The old orator attired in a dark blue coat and with a scarlet neckerchief carries in his face the tragedy of his race.

Mrs. Clyde Porter.  
821 w. 36th.St.

Madison, Wisconsin  
December 19, 1941

Mr. J. G. Braecklein,  
Kansas City, Missouri

Dear Mr. Braecklein:

As I was not able to get to Milwaukee for the Christmas meeting of the Wisconsin Archeological Society Mr. Ringel-son exhibited them to the members and then posted them on to me. I have examined them with great pleasure and interest and am now returning them to you by prepaid express.

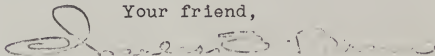
They are a mighty fine lot of Indian medals and the handling them has been a great pleasure to me. I have seen and handled a quite large number of such medals before but have never seen so many of them in any private collection. The George II medal I regard as one of the treasures of your collection despite the fact that it cost less than the Fillmore, Buchanan, Lincoln, Grant and Harrison medals.

I wish to assure you how very much the members of the Society appreciated your sending these fine medals for their inspection. Ringel-son has no doubt written to you of this.

When you write again please tell me the year and how you began the collection of these fine medals. What was the first one you collected.

With the best of Christmas wishes.

Your friend,



# THE FRIENDLY ASSOCIATION MEDAL (1757)

Obverse: "GEORGIUS II DEI GRATIA" encircling portrait head.  
Reverse: "LET US LOOK TO THE MOST HIGH WHO BLESSED OUR FATHERS WITH PEACE" encircling figures of white man and Indian seated on opposite sides of camp fire, former holding peace pipe, latter's arm raised. Tree behind white man at right, Sun above Indian at left. "1757" beneath.

*a match of the  
masters of Philadelphia*

"EARLY AMERICAN INDIAN MEDALS By Harrold E. Gillingham...

The Quakers of Philadelphia were strong for peace with the Indians, and in 1757 the Friendly Association for Preserving Peace with the Indians caused a medal to be struck to aid them in their cause...The die was engraved by Edward Duffield and cost the Society fifteen pounds. Joseph Richardson, the elder, a member of the Association, struck the medals. He was a silversmith by profession and worked in Philadelphia from 1733 to 1771. He died there in 1784. This is believed to have been the first Indian Peace Medal made in the Colonies, and authorities tell us it was issued in silver, copper, and pewter....

....It is pleasing to note that they were made in the Quaker City, by Richardson, whose son says, in a letter dated June, 1813:

The impressions which I now respectfully offer for thy acceptance are from dies that have long been in the possession of my predecessor and myself; at the early time they were engraved, coining presses were unknown in this country, they were therefore cut on punches, fixed in a socket, and struck with a sledge hammer.—I remember well the striking of the Indian medal by my father."

From "ANTIQUES", December 1924.

*Originals copied from  
of the information from  
Bulletin 30 Part 1. Bureau  
of Ethnology.*

*There were many  
reprints, look up  
Bulletin 30 Vol. 1, page  
831. B. was made by J. W. West  
There is a mistake about it  
from the original one even with  
the engraving called on.*

*PS. Richardson  
see 19/1/20  
The original was copied from  
the original die of a Treaty with  
Indians (B. 1).*

Dear George:

Here is something that may interest you about your medal.

December 17, 1942

*Spencer Anderson*

11

Ararat Shrine Headquarters  
4th Floor Continental Hotel  
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

The original seal made for the Treaty by  
Wm. Penn with the Indians which was never  
broken. See page 176 facsimile of the Treaty  
of Jennings C. Wise's Book The Red Man  
of the New World Perama,

B. Max Muhl, numismatist of Jit' Worth  
Texas asked #42<sup>00</sup> for a Castrike of this medal.

This Medal is a rarity only a few genuine old  
ones have ever been recorded.

Sincerely,

J. G. Braecklein

<sup>11.</sup>  
Mr. Mrs. Secretary of the American Numismatic Society of N. Y.  
and Charles E. Brown of Madison, Wisconsin, for over 20 years  
Secretary of the Wisconsin Historical Society and of the Wisconsin Antiquarian  
Society. Still that it was a surprise to them that such a remarkable collection  
was there as was in private hands. (J.G.)

J. G. BRAECKLEIN  
3850 E. 60TH TERRACE  
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Madison, Wisconsin  
July 20, 1942

Mr. J. G. Braecklein,  
Architect and Archeologist,  
3850 East 60th Street, Terrace,  
Kansas City, Missouri

Dear Friend Braecklein:

It was a real surprise and a great pleasure to receive these very fine photographs of your Indian Peace medals, and of maces and other archeological treasures of the Spiro Mound in Oklahoma.

I get a real archeological and historical thrill in looking at the Philadelphia struck George II silver medal and the large Thomas Jefferson, which you state was given to William Clark by the President. Both are real gems and you are very fortunate to possess them in your superfine collection of these historical treasures. I have them before me as I write and I shall never tire of looking at them. The reverses of each are as interesting as the obverse faces.

The other photograph presents a fine picture of your collection. I don't wonder that Mr. Noe of the Numismatic society was so enthusiastic about your rich collection, any well informed collector or specialist would be. These are treasures of not only American Indian history but of the medalists art as well. In the course of my own studies I expect to frequently consult these photos. Thank you again for remembering me with them.

I am pleased to know all about the series of wonderful maces from the Spiro Mound, which you obtained from Mr. Hobbs of Spiro, in 1935, and disposed of to Mr. Renno, and



which later found their way into the treasured possession of Messrs. Trowbridge, Heye, Knoblock, King and Stephens. I only wish that you might have been able to retain all of them in your own collection. The wonderful pipe, the engraved shells and the necklaces interest me greatly. I wish that you would sometime tell me exactly how you came to learn of the finding of these specimens and how you set out to purchase them from Mr. Hobbs. There must have been other collectors after them also; I have no doubt? Such treasures are actively sought for.

No I missed reading Col. King's Hobbies article. I will go back into our files of this periodical and read it. I am ~~so~~ sorry that an old friendship between you two should have been thus marred. Perhaps the matter can be mended somehow? I know Mrs. King quite well. As you say she is a lady of exceptional talents and activity in an archeological way. Both have been good friends for years. Some day I expect to make another visit to them at Wickliffe.

Dr. Holmes helpful friendship I also cherished. Dr. Hodge and Dr. Fewkes I knew only through correspondence in years past. You are fortunate in having known them personally. With whatever faults he may have had U.S. collectors loved Prof. Moorehead. He was, because of his great activity, an outstanding figure in American archeology. Setterlun asks a high price for the books you mention. I have both.

The war seems to have slowed up archeological research in some states, perhaps in all. What is doing in Missouri? Is the state society, of you must be a member, doing anything?

I shall not be able to get to engage in much field work before the close of the University Summer Session in early August.

I cannot tell you how very much I appreciate this gift of these fine photographs. I will show them to many archeological friends who come to my office and home.

Write to me from time to time. I shall always be pleased to hear from you. I will refer to you any brother archeologists who wander in your direction. This year I did not get to any of the national or sectional meetings of societies.

I have a letter before me from Dr. J. B. Ruyle of Champaign, of the Illinois State Archeological Society.

You probably know him?

With my best regards and grateful thanks.

Your friend,

*Charles E. Brown*

2011 Chadbourne Ave.

*P.S. Have notified Rev. R. B. Hartman  
to correct your address.*

FIRST INDIAN PEACE MEDAL MADE IN  
AMERICA.

Ararat Shrine Headquarters  
4th Floor Continental Hotel  
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

J. B. Bracken  
August 4/1942.

An account of the first Indian Peace Medal manufactured in America is thought to have been the following.

It was presented by the Friendly Association for the Regaining and Preserving Peace with the Indians by Peaceful Means, a society composed largely of Quakers. The dies were ~~executed~~ engraved by Edward Telford, a watch and clock maker of Philadelphia and the medall were struck by Joseph Richardson, a member of the society. Many Restrikes have been issued. They were made of Silver, Copper and Pewter.

Note. This is a verbatim copy of the King George The II of England dated 1757, printed on page 829 of Bulletin No. 30 Vol. I of the Handbook of the American Indians, published by the Smithsonian Institution. Fredrick Webb Hodge of the South West Museum Los Angeles is the author.

I exchanged a rare Mullifore paper weight which I purchased in Stourbridge, England that cost me \$40.00 including the duty for this medal with Mr. Rollin H. Bunch of Mineral Indiana last November 1941. He purchased it from a Mr. Slyth, fifteen years ago, found years ago by some relative near Fort Recovery Ohio, was cast on the battlefield when St. Clair was defeated. A great many relics found on this battlefield are on exhibition in the Park at Ft. Recovery Ohio.

The Reverse die of this medal was taken from



OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT  
UNITED STATES MINT

# TREASURY DEPARTMENT

UNITED STATES MINT SERVICE

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

July 21, 1942

Mr. J. G. Braceklein,  
3850 East 60th Street Terrace,  
Kansas City, Missouri

Dear Sir:

With reference to your inquiry of July 16, please  
be advised that we have no four inch Jefferson medal on sale  
at this Mint.

Very truly yours,

*Edwin H. Dressel*

Edwin H. Dressel  
Superintendent

PSH/mkm

*Dear Mrs. Porter.*

*7/14/42,*

*This letter proves that there are no  
retrikes of the 4 inch Medal (Jefferson)*

*James John Anderson yesterday at the entrance of  
the Continental Hotel. He was pleased to know that you  
have the rare Jefferson Medal and the Lewis & Clark Book.  
In one of the later Lewis & Clark books published by Putnam  
is an account stating the English took on Lewis & Clark as  
authentic.*

*From James J. Anderson*

*J.G. Braceklein*





# The State of Wisconsin

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

816 STATE STREET

MADISON

EDWARD P. ALEXANDER  
SUPERINTENDENT

Aug. 10, 1942.

J. G. Braecklein,  
3850 E. 60th Terrace,  
Kansas City, Missouri.

Dear Mr. Braecklein:-

I am pleased to learn of your having added to your collection a copper specimen of the Jefferson medal described by Dr. Hodge. I do not remember that I have ever seen one in this metal. I am interested to know of the 4 inch pewter specimen which the American Numismatic Society possesses.

Our Wisconsin weather is just now sunshiny and cool with frequent rainfalls.

With my regards. *This Medal is described in The Bulletin 30  
of the Club No. 1. under the title Medals a Smithsonian  
Book.*

Sincerely yours,  
STATE HISTORICAL MUSEUM

*Charles E. Brown*  
Charles E. Brown, director

B/S